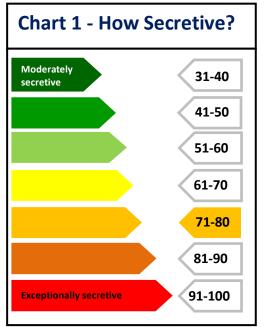
## **Report on Monaco**

Monaco is ranked at 75th position on the 2013 Financial Secrecy Index. This ranking is based on a combination of its secrecy score and a scale weighting based on its share of the global market for offshore financial services.

Monaco has been assessed with 75 secrecy points out of a potential 100, which places it towards the top end of the secrecy scale (see chart 1 below).

Monaco accounts for less than 1 per cent of the global market for offshore financial services, making it a tiny player compared with other secrecy jurisdictions (see chart 2 below).





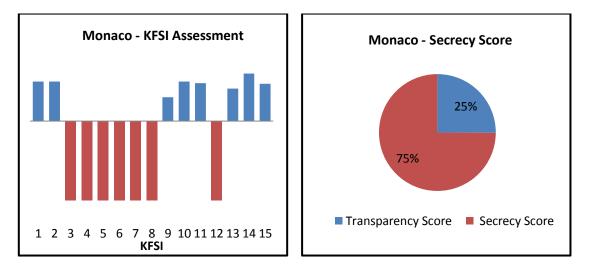
## Next steps for Monaco

1

Monaco's 75 per cent secrecy score shows that it must still make major progress in offering satisfactory financial transparency. If it wishes to play a full part in the modern financial community and to impede and deter illicit financial flows, including flows originating from tax evasion, aggressive tax avoidance practices, corrupt practices and criminal activities, it should take action on the points noted where it falls short of acceptable international standards. See below for details of Monaco's shortcomings on transparency. See this link <a href="http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/kfsi">http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/kfsi</a> for an overview of how each of these shortcomings can be fixed.

## **Secrecy Scores**

The secrecy score of 75 per cent for Monaco has been computed by assessing the jurisdiction's performance on the 15 Key Financial Secrecy Indicators, listed below.



The numbers on the horizontal axis of the bar chart on the left refer to the Key Financial Secrecy Indicators (KFSI). The presence of a blue bar indicates a positive answer, as does blue text in the KFSI list below. The presence of a red bar indicates a negative answer as does red text in the KFSI list. Where the jurisdiction's performance partly, but not fully complies with a Key Financial Secrecy Indicator, the text is coloured violet in the list below (combination of red and blue).

This paper draws on key data collected on Monaco. Our data sources include regulatory reports, legislation, regulation and news available at 31.12.2012<sup>1</sup>. The full data set is available <u>here</u><sup>2</sup>. Our assessment is based on the 15 Key Financial Secrecy Indicators (KFSIs, below), reflecting the legal and financial arrangements of Monaco. Details of these indicators are noted in the following table and all background data can be found on the <u>Financial Secrecy Index website</u><sup>3</sup>.

## The Key Financial Secrecy Indicators and the performance of Monaco are:

2

TRANSPARENCY OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP – Monaco		
1.	Banking Secrecy: Does the jurisdiction have banking secrecy?	
	Monaco does not adequately curtail banking secrecy	

2.	Trust and Foundations Register: Is there a public register of trusts/foundations, or are		
2.	trusts/foundations prevented?		
	Monaco partly discloses or prevents trusts and private foundations		
3.	Recorded Company Ownership: Does the relevant authority obtain and keep updated		
	details of the beneficial ownership of companies?		
	Monaco does not maintain company ownership details in official records		
KEY	KEY ASPECTS OF CORPORATE TRANSPARENCY REGULATION – Monaco		
4.	Public Company Ownership: Does the relevant authority make details of ownership of		
	companies available on public record online for less than US\$10/€10?		
	Monaco does not require that company ownership details are publicly available		
	online		
5.	Public Company Accounts: Does the relevant authority require that company accounts		
	are made available for inspection by anyone for a fee of less than US\$10/€10?		
	Monaco does not require that company accounts be available on public record		
6.	Country-by-Country Reporting: Are all companies required to comply with country-by-		
0.			
	country financial reporting?		
	Monaco does not require country-by-country financial reporting by all companies		
EFFI	EFFICIENCY OF TAX AND FINANCIAL REGULATION – Monaco		
7.	Fit for Information Exchange: Are resident paying agents required to report to the		
	domestic tax administration information on payments to non-residents?		
	Manage deep not require resident paying agents to tall the demostic tay authorities		
	Monaco does not require resident paying agents to tell the domestic tax authorities		
	about payments to non-residents		
8.	Efficiency of Tax Administration: Does the tax administration use taxpayer identifiers		
	for analysing information efficiently, and is there a large taxpayer unit?		
	To analysing mornation enterently, and is there a large taxpayer and.		
	Monaco does not use appropriate tools for efficiently analysing tax related		
	information		
^	Avoids Promoting Tax Evacion: Doos the jurisdiction grant unilatoral tax gradits for		
9.	Avoids Promoting Tax Evasion: Does the jurisdiction grant unilateral tax credits for		
9.	foreign tax payments?		
9.	foreign tax payments?		
9.			

clauses?		
Monaco partly allows harmful legal vehicles		
INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND COOPERATION – Monaco		
11. Anti-Money Laundering: Does the jurisdiction comply with the FATF		
recommendations?		
Monaco does not comply with international anti-money laundering standar	ds	
12. Automatic Information Exchange: Does the jurisdiction participate fully in Aut	tomatic	
Information Exchange such as the European Savings Tax Directive?		
Monaco does not participate fully in Automatic Information Exchange		
13. Bilateral Treaties: Does the jurisdiction have at least 46 bilateral treaties prov	iding for	
information exchange upon request, or is it part of the European Council/OEC convention?	CD	
As of 31 May, 2012, Monaco had less than 46 tax information sharing agree	monts	
complying with basic OECD requirements	incitto	
14. International Transparency Commitments: Has the jurisdiction ratified the fiv	e most	
relevant international treaties relating to financial transparency?		
Monaco has partly ratified relevant international treaties relating to financi	al	
transparency	dl	
transparency		
15. International Judicial Cooperation: Does the jurisdiction cooperate with other	r states on	
money laundering and other criminal issues?		
Monaco does not cooperate with other states on money laundering and other	or	
criminal issues		

- http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/PDF/13-Bilateral-Treaties.pdf.
- <sup>2</sup> That data is available here: <u>http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com/database/menu.xml</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> With the exception of KFSI 13 for which the cut-off date is 31.05.2013. For more details, look at the endnote number 2 in the corresponding KFSI-paper here:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>http://www.financialsecrecyindex.com</u>.